

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI

DEPARTMENT OF MUSIC

UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAMME
(Courses effective from Academic Year 2015-16)



SYLLABUS OF COURSES TO BE OFFERED Supplementary Courses for B.A. (Prog.) Vocational and Applied Courses in Music

Disclaimer: The CBCS syllabus is uploaded as given by the Faculty concerned to the Academic Council. The same has been approved as it is by the Academic Council on 13.7.2015 and Executive Council on 14.7.2015. Any query may kindly be addressed to the concerned Faculty.

Undergraduate Programme Secretariat

Preamble

The University Grants Commission (UGC) has initiated several measures to bring equity, efficiency and excellence in the Higher Education System of country. The important measures taken to enhance academic standards and quality in higher education include innovation and improvements in curriculum, teaching-learning process, examination and evaluation systems, besides governance and other matters.

The UGC has formulated various regulations and guidelines from time to time to improve the higher education system and maintain minimum standards and quality across the Higher Educational Institutions (HEIs) in India. The academic reforms recommended by the UGC in the recent past have led to overall improvement in the higher education system. However, due to lot of diversity in the system of higher education, there are multiple approaches followed by universities towards examination, evaluation and grading system. While the HEIs must have the flexibility and freedom in designing the examination and evaluation methods that best fits the curriculum, syllabi and teaching-learning methods, there is a need to devise a sensible system for awarding the grades based on the performance of students. Presently the performance of the students is reported using the conventional system of marks secured in the examinations or grades or both. The conversion from marks to letter grades and the letter grades used vary widely across the HEIs in the country. This creates difficulty for the academia and the employers to understand and infer the performance of the students graduating from different universities and colleges based on grades.

The grading system is considered to be better than the conventional marks system and hence it has been followed in the top institutions in India and abroad. So it is desirable to introduce uniform grading system. This will facilitate student mobility across institutions within and across countries and also enable potential employers to assess the performance of students. To bring in the desired uniformity, in grading system and method for computing the cumulative grade point average (CGPA) based on the performance of students in the examinations, the UGC has formulated these guidelines.

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS):

The CBCS provides an opportunity for the students to choose courses from the prescribed courses comprising core, elective/minor or skill based courses. The courses can be evaluated following the grading system, which is considered to be better than the conventional marks system. Therefore, it is necessary to introduce uniform grading system in the entire higher education in India. This will benefit the students to move across institutions within India to begin with and across countries. The uniform grading system will also enable potential employers in assessing the performance of the candidates. In order to bring uniformity in evaluation system and computation of the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) based on student's performance in examinations, the UGC has formulated the guidelines to be followed.

Outline of Choice Based Credit System:

- 1. Core Course:** A course, which should compulsorily be studied by a candidate as a core requirement is termed as a Core course.
- 2. Elective Course:** Generally a course which can be chosen from a pool of courses and which may be very specific or specialized or advanced or supportive to the discipline/ subject of study or which provides an extended scope or which enables an exposure to some other discipline/subject/domain or nurtures the candidate's proficiency/skill is called an Elective Course.
 - 2.1 Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) Course:** Elective courses may be offered by the main discipline/subject of study is referred to as Discipline Specific Elective. The University/Institute may also offer discipline related Elective courses of interdisciplinary nature (to be offered by main discipline/subject of study).
 - 2.2 Dissertation/Project:** An elective course designed to acquire special/advanced knowledge, such as supplement study/support study to a project work, and a candidate studies such a course on his own with an advisory support by a teacher/faculty member is called dissertation/project.
 - 2.3 Generic Elective (GE) Course:** An elective course chosen generally from an unrelated discipline/subject, with an intention to seek exposure is called a Generic Elective.

P.S.: A core course offered in a discipline/subject may be treated as an elective by other discipline/subject and vice versa and such electives may also be referred to as Generic Elective.
- 3. Ability Enhancement Courses (AEC)/Competency Improvement Courses/Skill Development Courses/Foundation Course:** The Ability Enhancement (AE) Courses may be of two kinds: AE Compulsory Course (AECC) and AE Elective Course (AEEC). "AECC" courses are the courses based upon the content that leads to Knowledge enhancement. They ((i) Environmental Science, (ii) English/MIL Communication) are mandatory for all disciplines. AEEC courses are value-based and/or skill-based and are aimed at providing hands-on-training, competencies, skills, etc.
 - 3.1 AE Compulsory Course (AECC):** Environmental Science, English Communication/MIL Communication.
 - 3.2 AE Elective Course (AEEC):** These courses may be chosen from a pool of courses designed to provide value-based and/or skill-based instruction.

Project work/Dissertation is considered as a special course involving application of knowledge in solving / analyzing /exploring a real life situation / difficult problem. A Project/Dissertation work would be of 6 credits. A Project/Dissertation work may be given in lieu of a discipline specific elective paper.

Details of Courses Under Undergraduate Programme (B.A./ B.Com.)

Course	*Credits	
	Paper+ Practical	Paper + Tutorial
<u>I. Core Course</u> (12 Papers)	12X4= 48	12X5=60
Two papers – English		
Two papers – MIL		
Four papers – Discipline 1.		
Four papers – Discipline 2.		
Core Course Practical / Tutorial* (12 Practicals)	12X2=24	12X1=12
<u>II. Elective Course</u> (6 Papers)	6x4=24	6X5=30
Two papers- Discipline 1 specific		
Two papers- Discipline 2 specific		
Two papers- Inter disciplinary		
Two papers from each discipline of choice and two papers of interdisciplinary nature.		
Elective Course Practical / Tutorials* (6 Practical/ Tutorials*)	6 X 2=12	6X1=6
Two papers- Discipline 1 specific		
Two papers- Discipline 2 specific		
Two papers- Generic (Inter disciplinary)		
Two papers from each discipline of choice including papers of interdisciplinary nature.		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Optional Dissertation or project work in place of one elective paper (6 credits) in 6th Semester 		
<u>III. Ability Enhancement Courses</u>		
1. Ability Enhancement Compulsory (2 Papers of 2 credits each)	2 X 2=4	2 X 2=4
Environmental Science		
English Communication/MIL		
2. Ability Enhancement Elective (Skill Based)	4 X 2=8	4 X 2=8
(4 Papers of 2 credits each)		
	<hr/> Total credit= 120	<hr/> Total = 120

Institute should evolve a system/policy about ECA/ General Interest/Hobby/Sports/NCC/NSS/related courses on its own.

***wherever there is a practical there will be no tutorial and vice-versa.**

HARMONIUM COURSE FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - I

Semester-III (SEC - I)

Max. Marks: 100

Credits: 4

Theory:

1. Elementary knowledge of Shuddha and vikrit swaras and octaves.
2. Elementary knowledge of Harmonium, its various parts, single, capler and scale changer etc.

Practical:

1. Elementary knowledge of handling the instrument.
2. Elementary knowledge of finger technique and sound production.
3. Ability to play 10 paltas in shuddha swaras.
4. Singing the above alankars in tune.

HARMONIUM COURSE FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - II

Semester-IV (SEC - II)

Max. Marks: 100

Credits: 4

Theory:

1. Description of following Ragas with aaroh, avaroh, vadi, samvadi and pakad
(a) Yaman, (b) Bhairav
2. Brief history of harmonium.
3. Working knowledge of following talas:
(a) Teentaal, (b) Ektaal, (c) Keharwa (d) Dadra

Practical:

1. Ability to play one fast composition in any one of the above ragas with alap and 5 tanas.
2. 15 General alankars with finger techniques in above mentioned ragas
3. One dhun in raga khamaj.

HARMONIUM COURSE FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - III

Semester-V (SEC - III)

Max. Marks: 100

Credits: 4

Theory:

1. Structural details of Harmonium with sketch.
2. Defination of Sangeet, nada, swar and saptak.
3. Description of following ragas with aaroh, avaroh, vadi, samvadi and Pakad:
(a) Bilwal, (b) Bihag

Practical:

1. Ability to play two fast compositions with atleast 10 taans in above ragas.
2. 10 alankars each in taal of 6, 7, 8, 10 & 16 beats from mentioned ragas in previous semester.
3. Ability to play lehora in teentaal.
4. Dhun in raag kafi.

HARMONIUM COURSE FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - IV

Semester-VI (SEC - IV)

Max. Marks: 100

Credits: 4

Theory:

1. Definition of That, Raag, Taal, Intensity – Pitch –Timbre, vadi, samvadi, pakad, harmony and melody.
2. Knowledge of 10 thaats and ability to play them on harmonium from different keys.
3. Ability to write in notation of slow composition in Bhatkhande notation system.
4. Biography of some great harmonium players with their contributions.

- (a) Bhaiyajee Ganpat Rao
- (b) Pt. Appasaheb Jalgaonkar

Practical:

1. Ability to play two fast compositions with brief Alap and atleast 10 taanas in any two of the following ragas:
(a) Madhuvanti (b) Maru bihag, (c) Kedar
2. Dhun in raag pahadi.

Project work:

1. Prepare life sketch of anyone from the above mentioned great Harmonium players.
2. Prepare sketch of Harmonium with their parts.

Performance:

1. 20 minutes solo performance with tabla sangat with brief alap and atleast 10 taans.
2. Performance of Dhun for atleast 5 minutes in any prescribed ragas.
3. Playing lehra with tabla solo in Teentala.

TABLA COURSE FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - I

Semester III (SEC - I)

Max. Marks: 100

Credits: 4

Theory

2. Origin and brief history of Tabla.
3. Definition of following terms: Taal, Laya, Matra, Theka, Sum, Tali, Khali & Vibhag.
4. Structural knowledge of one's own instrument with sketch.

Practical

1. Basic Bols (varnas) of Tabla.
2. Theka of Teentala with Thah, Dugun, Chaugun.
3. Knowledge of four Kayada, Paltas and Tihai, One Simple and Chakradar Tukra in Teentala.
4. Elementary knowledge of Kaharwa and Dadra Talas.
5. Basic knowledge of vocal and instrumental accompaniment.

TABLA COURSE FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - II

Semester IV (SEC - II)

Max. Marks: 100

Credits: 4

Theory

1. Origin and history of Gharanas of Tabla in brief.
2. Definition of following terms: Kayada, Palta, Tihai, Tukra and Chakradar.
3. Brief knowledge of notation writing in Bhatkhande Paddhati.

Practical

1. Keep the hand beat theka of Jhaptala in Thah, Dugun and Chaugun.
2. Two Kayadas with Palta & Tihai, two simple tukras, two chakradar tukras in Jhaptala.
3. Playing knowledge of Ektala and Rupak in barabar ki laya.
4. One Kayada each of 'Tirkitataka' and 'Dhirkit' in Teentala.
5. Four variation in Kharwa Tala.

TABLA COURSE FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - III
Semester V (SEC - III)

Max. Marks: 100
Credits: 4

Theory

1. Brief Study of the following with example: 1. Rela 2. Tukara 3. Mukhada
4. Laggi
2. Study of writing in notation of tihai in following talas (two in each)
1) Teental 2) Jhaptal 3) Ektal 4) Rupak
3. Definition of the following: 1. Dhvani 2. Nad 3. Sangeet 4. Swar
4. Write in notation Kayada and rela with four paltas in teental

Practical

1. Practice and knowledge of the course of previous year's course is essential.
2. Practice of Thekas along with two simple tihai in Chartala and Sooltala.
3. Four theka ke prakars in Roopak and Jhaptala.
4. Four Mukhada, Tukada and Moharas in Roopak, Jhaptala, Ektala.
5. In Teental two basic Kayadas, one Rela with four Paltas and Tihai.
6. Practice of previous years compositions in chaugun laya .

TABLA COURSE FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - IV
Semester VI (SEC - IV)

Max. Marks: 100
Credits: 4

Theory

1. Definition of following: a. Alankar b. Thah (Ekgun) c. Dugun d. Chaugun and Layakari.
2. Study of writing in notation of four Theka ke Prakar in Ektala.
3. Study of writing in notation of two Tihais in Ektala.
4. Study of writing in notation of Kayada, Rela and Palta with tihai in Teental, Jhaptala and Ektala.

Practical

1. Thekas of Khemta and Addha with Thah and Dugun.
2. Four Theka ke prakars in Ektala.
3. Two Kayada in Ektala with four Palta and one Tihai.
4. Six Theka prakars in Dadra and Keherwa.
5. Four Mukhada, Tukada and Moharas in Ektal, Rupak and Jhaptal
6. Two simple parans in Chautal and Sooltal.
7. Two simple Laggis in Dadra and Keherwa.
8. Four Tihais in present and previous years' talas.

MRIDANGAM COURSE FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - I

Semester III (SEC - I)

Max. Marks: 100

Credits: 4

Practical

- Basic technique of holding the instrument, sitting posture and fingering techniques.
- Knowledge of syllables (Ta, Thi, Thom, Nam, Chapu, Din and Da) and their playing style.
- Patha varisaikal – Elementary exercises in three speeds- slow, medium, fast.

Theory

- Thattakaram (Chollukkattu) and its importance in learning Mridangam
- Different places in producing the syllables of playing Mridangam such as chapu, Meetu, Toppi etc.
- Understanding the concept of tala and Laya.

MRIDANGAM COURSE FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - II

Semester IV (SEC - II)

Max. Marks: 100

Credits: 4

Practical

- Acquaintance in playing aditalam.
- Ability to play Pharans, Mohra, Koruvai & Aruti.

Theory

- Knowledge of parts of talas – shadangas with their Aksharakala, method of reckoning etc.
- Basic knowledge of Jati and Gati Variations.

MRIDANGAM COURSE FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - III

Semester V (SEC - III)

Max. Marks: 100

Credits: 4

Practical

- Understanding and playing of Tisram (Roopaka Tala) & Misra Chapu.
- Ability to play mohra, koruvai and Aruti.

Theory

- Knowledge of prominent artistes in the field and their specialties in playing techniques – 1. Palghat Mani Iyer 2. Palani Subramanya Pillai
- Knowledge of basic seven talas – such as Dhruva, Mathya, Roopaka, Jhampa, Triputa, Ata & Eka

MRIDANGAM COURSE FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - IV

Semester VI (SEC - IV)

Max. Marks: 100

Credits: 4

Project Work

A minor project work undertaken to enhance the knowledge of student about different rhythmic instruments of South India and their role in Karnatak Music concerts.

Practical

Performance of 20 minutes planned by the candidate, inclusive of all of the above.

VIOLIN (KARNATAK) COURSE FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - I
Semester III (SEC - I)

Max. Marks: 100
Credits: 4

Practical

- Basic Technique of holding the instrument, bowing and fingering
- Knowledge of Swarasthanas
- Acquaintance with three major speeds – Slow (Vilambit), Medium (Madhya), Drut (fast)
- Simple Swara exercises – Varisas in three speeds

Theory

- Sapta Swaras in Mayamalavagowla / Shankarabharanam
- Understanding the concept of rhythm (Laya) and time cycle (Tala)
- Acquaintance with Adi Tala (8 beat cycle) and Rupaka Tala (6 beats)

VIOLIN (KARNATAK) COURSE FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - II
Semester IV (SEC - II)

Max. Marks: 100
Credits: 4

Practical

- One Nottu swara compositions of Muttuswami Dikshitar / One Divyanama Sankirtana
- One folk song of any region

Theory

- Acquaintance with musical forms for beginners (Geetam , Jatiswaram)
- Brief raga Lakshanas of ragas selected for compositions taught
- Understanding the system of notation. Notating an Alankara / Geetam

VIOLIN (KARNATAK) COURSE FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - III

Semester V (SEC - III)

Max. Marks: 100

Credits: 4

Practical

- One Tillana in Adi Tala.
- Acquaintance with Chapu Tala (seven beats cycle). One composition in Chapu Tala.
- Knowledge of scale changing and use of finger technique in higher octave notes.

Theory

- Acquaintance with musical forms for advanced learning (Varnam , Swarajati).
- Brief Raga Lakshanas of Ragas selected for compositions taught.
- Notation of any composition taught.

VIOLIN (KARNATAK) COURSE FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - IV

Semester VI (SEC - IV)

Max. Marks: 100

Credits: 4

Project Work

A minor project undertaken to enhance listening and analytical aptitude of student e.g
- the bowing and fingering techniques of any veteran violinist.

Practical

Performance of 20 minutes planned by the candidate, inclusive of all of the above.

VOCAL (KARNATAK) COURSE FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - I
Semester III (SEC - I)

Max. Marks: 100
Credits: 4

Practical

- Singing techniques – Voice production, Sound Modulation etc.
- Knowledge of Swarasthanas
- Acquaintance with Swara Sadhakam with vowel expression.
- Simple Swara exercises – Sarali & Jhanta Varisas in three speeds.

Theory

- Knowledge of Indian Music – Sangitam & its specialities.
- Understanding the basic terminologies like Nada, Sruti, Swara, Tala – Laya, Raga – Mela, Gamaka, Sthayi & Swarasthana.

VOCAL (KARNATAK) COURSE FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - II
Semester IV (SEC - II)

Max. Marks: 100
Credits: 4

Practical

- Different varisas – exercises like Dhatu Swara varisa.
- Varisas of different sthayi such as Mandra – Madhya – Tara.
- Simple Gitam in Malahari and Mohana.

Theory

- Knowledge of History and Evolution of Indian Music.
- Basic knowledge of Raga classification.
- Understanding basic seven tala, shadanga etc.

VOCAL (KARNATAK) COURSE FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - III

Semester V (SEC - III)

Max. Marks: 100

Credits: 4

Practical

- Ability to sing sapta tala alankaras in three speed.
- Acquaintance with one simple Swarajati and Varna.
- One simple Kirtana and one Kriti of any one prominent composer.

Theory

- Knowledge of 35 talas
- Basic Knowledge of 72 Mela Scheme
- Notation of any composition taught

VOCAL (KARNATAK) COURSE FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE - IV

Semester VI (SEC - IV)

Max. Marks: 100

Credits: 4

Project Work

A minor project work to enhance listening and analytical aptitude of student
e.g. - the contribution of great composers of Karnatak Music and their specialty.

Practical

Performance of 20 minutes planned by the candidate, inclusive of all of the above.

July 7, 2015

CURRICULUM – AUDIO ENGINEERING – SEC

This academic plan is intended to provide students with opportunities to learn about audio engineering and related aspects along with their core study courses. The study course is designed separately for last four semesters of graduation. At third semester of graduation, students will start learning about basics of audio/sound engineering with increasing complexity at further levels of their course of study. This plan includes theory, practical, study tours and assessment to give students a well proportionate and interesting study experience.

The designed course will help both the categories i.e. (a) students with prior knowledge and (b) beginners. Beginners will enjoy the experience of learning the new creative skills whereas students with some prior experience will get a chance to explore new horizons and enhance their abilities.

Sound/Audio Engineering – Skill Enhancement Course

Total Credits : 16

Total semesters: 4 (3rd, 4th, 5th 6th)

Maximum Credits: 4	Graduation Year: 2nd Semester: 3rd	Weeks: 20 (excluding Holidays) Lectures: 40 Duration of Period: 45-60 minutes
---------------------------	---	--

Sl. No.	TOPIC	CONTENT	Mode of Teaching
1.	Sound	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What is Sound? • Important Characteristics of Sound? 	Theory Theory
2.	Music	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What is Music? • Different types/genres of Music. • Frequencies of Musical Notes. • Different ways of Listening music. 	Theory & demonstration Theory & demonstration Theory & demonstration Theory & demonstration
3.	Sound Recording	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What is recording technology? • Why should we record? 	Theory Theory

Maximum Credits: 4	Graduation Year: 2nd Semester: 4th	Weeks: 20 (excluding Holidays) Lectures: 40 Duration of Period: 45-60 minutes
---------------------------	---	--

Sl. No.	TOPIC	CONTENT	Mode of Teaching
4.	History of Sound Recording Technology	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • History of Sound Recording technology • Milestones of sound recording technology 	Theory Theory
5.	Modern Sound Recording Technology	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital recording • Differences between Analog and Digital recording technology. 	Theory Theory & demonstration
6.	Recording studio	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What is recording studio? • Architect of recording studio. • Equipment for recording studio. • Cable & connectors • Software 	Theory & Field tour Theory & Field tour Theory & Field tour Theory & Field tour Theory & Demonstration

Maximum Credits: 4	Graduation Year: 3rd Semester: 5th	Weeks: 20 (excluding Holidays) Lectures: 40 Duration of Period: 45- 60 minutes
---------------------------	---	---

Sl. No.	TOPIC	CONTENT	Mode of Teaching
7.	Microphone Types and Placement techniques	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Types of Microphones • Placements of Microphones 	Theory & Field Tour Theory & Demonstration
8.	The Recording Process	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • create a base track/prerecorded drum loop • Record rhythm sections • Record harmonies, Record melodies 	Theory, Practical & Field Tour

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Record other instruments.....ETC 	
9.	The Editing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Arrangement, Time Editing Noise Reduction, Pitch Editing.....ETC 	Theory, Practical & Field Tour
Maximum Credits: 4		Graduation Year: 3rd	Weeks: 20 (excluding Holidays)
		Semester: 6th	Lectures: 40
			Duration of Period: 45-60 minutes
Sl. No.	TOPIC	CONTENT	Mode of Teaching
10.	The mixing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Balancing Faders Panning, Equalization Compression, Reverb Automation.....ETC 	Theory, Practical & Field Tour
11.	The mastering	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maximizing loudness Balancing Frequencies Stereo Widening.....ETC 	Theory, Practical & Field Tour
12.	Project Creation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Create Project (with instructor) Create Project (in group/team) Create Project (individually) 	Practical Practical Practical
Assessments*		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assessment : Based on the syllabus taught during the semester) Assessment: Create one project individually 	Theory Practical

*Assessments should be designed for each and every semester for theory and practical both based on the syllabus taught.

Skill Enhancement Course in Maintenance and Repairing of Musical Instruments: Hindustani Music

Semester-III (SEC - I)

Max. Marks: 100

Credits: 4

Theory: I

1. Classification of instruments as prevalent in India and other countries in brief.
2. Brief study of historical development of instruments making in ancient India (String & Percussion).
3. Elementary study of Sound, Tone and Frequencies.

Practical: I

- Elementary knowledge of tuning of string/ percussion instruments viz.- sitar, Tanpura, Sarangi, Sarod, guitar, Violin, Tabla, Pakhawaj, Dholak & Naad etc.
- Knowledge of various gadgets of tuning like pitch pipes, chromatic tuners, frequency metres etc.

Semester-IV (SEC - II)

Max. Marks: 100

Credits: 4

Theory: II

1. Historical development of some of the musical instruments viz. sitar, sarod, sarangi, tanpura etc. with special reference to their making; early stages and gradual development till modern times.
2. Brief introduction of two string western instruments and modification done to make them adaptable to Indian Music i.e. Violin and guitar.

Practical: II

- Knowledge of basic tools, required for making and repairing various instruments.
- Fixing strings in various string instruments viz.- Sitar, Tanpura, Sarangi, Sarod, Guitar, Violin, etc. (both main and sympathetic)
- Fixing of frets in sitar.
- Making of good mizrabs for sitar and Jawas for sarod.
- Repairing of bow of Sarangi/ Violin.
- Fixing and stretching Baddhi in Percussion instruments.

Semester-V (SEC - III)

Max. Marks: 100
Credits: 4

Theory: III

1. Elementary knowledge of wood, string and other material viz. bone, stag horn and skin etc., used in making various parts of Indian instruments.
2. Seasoning of wood and other material.

Practical: III

- Temporary repairing of Tumba, replacing tuning pegs, Tarab buttons, chikari posts and other minor defects of string instruments.
- Putting and fixing the pudi on percussion instruments.

Semester-VI (SEC - IV)

Max. Marks: 100
Credits: 4

Theory: IV

1. Brief introduction of usages of innovative material in musical instruments in place of traditional material in India.
2. Knowledge of Acoustical properties of Musical Instruments in brief.

Practical: IV

- Jawari work of sitar and Tanpura/ Putting syahi (black paste) on percussion instruments.
- Viva-Voce of all the above informations, in not less than 20 minutes.

Examination pattern in theory:

- A theory examination of two hours duration shall be conducted at the end of the session in which a student will have to attempt five questions out of which one shall be compulsory. Minimum passing marks shall be 40%.

Examination pattern in practical:

- A practical examination of the demonstration and performance of the skills learnt, which shall be follows:-
 - a) Viva-voce of maintenance of musical instruments in general.
 - b) Tuning of any two of the instruments prescribed in the course.
 - c) Knowledge of various gadgets used for tuning.
 - d) Knowledge of basic tools required for making and repairing various instruments.
 - e) Demonstration of at least three repairing skills learnt so far in one's own instrument.