Appendix-XXXV Resolution No. 18 [18-1(18-1-1)] <u>UNIVERSITY OF DELHI</u>

Department: MILLS (SEMESTER-I) based on

Undergraduate Curriculum Framework 2022 (UGCF)

(Effective from Academic Year 2022-23)



BA Prog Telugu - DSC

SI.	Course Title	Nature	Total	Components			Eligibility	Contents of the
No.		of the	Credits	L	Т	Р	Criteria/	Course &
		Course					Pre-	References may
							requisite	be seen at
1	Progressive	DSC-1A	4	3	1	0	Class X and	
	grammar of						above	Annexure-I
	Telugu Language							
2.	Telugu Literature	DSC	4	3	1	0	Class XII	
	and other Arts						and above	Annexure-II
3	Study of literary	DSC	4	3	1	0	Up to Class	
	texts: Telugu						VIII	Annexure-III
	Short Stories							

Generic Electives - Telugu

SI	Course Title	Nature	Total	Components			Eligibility	Prerequisite	
No.		of Course	Credits	L	Т	Р	Criteria		the Course & Reference
1.	Basic Telugu	GE-01	4	3	1	0	Students who have not studied Telugu up to 8th Standard	NIL	Annexure- IV
2.	Telugu Literature and History: An Introduction	GE-02	4	3	1	0	Students who have not studied Telugu up to 10th Standard	NIL	Annexure-V

SEMESTER-I CORE (DSC) (DSC - 1) PAPER – I

COURSE TITLE: A PROGRESSIVE GRAMMAR OF TELUGU LANGUAGE (4) CREDITS: 04 TOTAL MARKS:

ALLOTTED CLASS: 60 HOURS

Course Objective:

The primary objective of this paper is to provide essential principles of Telugu grammar with prescriptive rules and exercises to bring the learner as quickly as possible to the point where he/she can understand the imperative features of forms and structure of words (morphology) with their customary arrangement in phrases and sentences; and, to serve as a reference for consolidating the grasp of the language.

Course Learning Outcomes:

It is expected that the Students will be able to develop the basic understanding of the imperative features of forms and structure of words with their customary arrangement in Phrase and Sentences.

Unit-I

- Prakriti and Pratyayamu; Dhatuvu and Pratipadikamu.
- Tatsamamu, Tadbhavamu, Desyamu, Anyadesyamu and Gramyamu.

Unit-II Vibhakti, Viseshyamu and Viseshanamu.

- Vachanamu, Lingamu and Avyayamu.

Unit-III Vakyamu, Uddesyamu and Vidheyamu.

Reading List:

Chinnaya Suri, Paravastu., 1958, *Bala Vyakaranamu*, Chennai: Vavilla Ramaswamy Sastrulu & Sons.

Kasyapa, 1993, Vidyarthi Vyakaranamu, Vijayawada: Deluxe Publications.

Nagabhushanam, A., 1993, Bala-Praudha Vyakarana Digdarsini, Guntur:

Simmanna, V., 1998, *Telugu Bhasha Chandrika*, Visakhapatnam: Dalita Sahitya peetham.

Simmanna, V., 2001, *Telugu bhasha Kaumudi*, Visakhapatnam: Dalita Sahitya Peetham.

Simmanna, V., 2006, *Telugu Bhasha Deepika*, Visakhapatnam: Dalita Sahitya Peetham.

SEMESTER-I CORE (DSC) (DSC - 1) PAPER – II

COURSE TITLE: TELUGU LITERATURE AND OTHER ARTS (4) CREDITS: 04 TOTAL MARKS:

ALLOTTED CLASS: 60 HOURS

Course objectives:

This course looks closely at the relationship of art, Architecture, Music, Dance and literature, focusing most specifically upon the complementary nature of the forms from a historical perspective, i.e., how this relationship has changed the art forms since their inception. The course discusses the way different arts were depicted in medieval and modern Telugu literature and the place of music and metre in literature. It will focus on the origin and development of Andhra traditional dance, its importance in the qualitative life of human beings, and how the different dance forms reflected in art, architecture and literature of the region

Course Learning Outcomes:

This course will give the outline of interaction between literature and other arts and Students will be able to understand the multidisciplinary approach method in the literature.

Units of the Course:

Unit-1 Introduction to the relation between literature and arts.

Unit-2 Telugu literature and Architecture.

Unit-3 Telugu literature and Art.

Unit-4 Telugu literature and Music.

Unit-5 Telugu literature and Dance.

Texts prescribed:

Somasekhara Sharma, Mallampalli; Venkata Rangaiah, Mamidipudi; Venkata Ramanaiah, Nelaturi; Satyanarayana, Moturi (Ed.). 1959, *Andhra Shilpa Kala Parinamamu* (pp. 660-672). Andhra Chitra Kala (pp. 673-682), Sangeetamu (pp. 683-693) and Natya Kala (pp. 694-700) in Telugu Vijnana Sarvasvamu (Moodava Bhagamu), Madras: Telugu Bhasha Samiti.

Additional Resources: Jagannadharao, Manchala.,	, Andhrula sangeeta kala, Hyderabad: Andhra Pradesh
Sangeeta nataka Academi.	
Lakshmikantamma, Utukuri., 1982,	Andhrula Kertana vangmaya kalaseva. Guntur:

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Ramakrishna, Nataraja. 1975, *Andhrulanatyakala*. Hyderabad: Andhra Pradesh Sangeeta nataka Academi.

Subrahmanyareddi, D. 1992, *Bharatadesha Kalalu- Shilpa Kalalu*, Hyderabad: Telugu Academi,

Teaching Learning Process: Lectures-50 Hrs. Discussions-5Hrs. Assignments/Presentations-5Hrs.

Assessment Methods: Monthly Test, Internal Exam., Semester Exam.

Key Words: Art, Architecture, Music, Dance.

SEMESTER-I CORE (DSC) (DSC - 1) PAPER – III

COURSE TITLE: STUDY OF LITERARY TEXTS: TELUGU SHORT STORIES (4) CREDITS: 04 TOTAL MARKS:

ALLOTTED CLASS: 60 HOURS

Course Objective:

Short stories became one of the popular literary genres in Telugu literature. The main aim of the course is to introduce the influence of European thoughts on Telugu literature. This course will also discuss the Telugu literary heritage of storytelling - socio-political issues in Telugu short stories and contemporary trends and various approaches in Telugu short story writing.

Course Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to understand the history of Telugu short stories and its unique features.

Students will get the knowledge of important short story writers in Telugu.

Students will be able to analyse the texts critically

SHORT STORIES:

- Unit -1 origin and Development of Telugu short story
- Unit -2 Features of Telugu short story
- Unit -3 Select short stories
- i. *Mee Peremiti* by Gurajada Appa Rao
- ii. *Bharya* by Gudipati Venkata Chalam
- iii. Galivana by Palagummi Padma Raju
- iv. Vendi Kancham by Munimanikyam Narasimha Rao
- v. Moksham by Ravi Sastry
- vi. Sampenga Puvvu by Gopichand
- vii. *Uri Chivara Illu* by Devarakonda Balagangadhara Tilak
- viii. Arti by Olga
- ix. Supermom Syndrome by P. Satyavati
- x. Kappadalu by Toleti Jaganmohan rao

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Prescribed Texts:

Jampala Chaudari & A.K. Prabhakar., 2010, *Rendu Dashabdalalu Telugu Katha 1990-2009*, Secunderabad: Katha Sahiti.

Pandu Rangarao, Vakati, & Vedagiri Rambabu, 2001, *Bangaru Kathalu*, New Delhi: Sahitya Akademi.

Reference: ?

Dakshinamurti, Poranki., 1977, Kathanika Swarupa Swabhavalu, Hyderabad:_____.

Venkata Subbaiah, Vallampati., 1995, Katha Shilpam, Hyderabad: Visalandhra Publishing House.

Teaching Learning Process: Lectures-50 Hrs. Discussions-5Hrs. Assignments/Presentations-5Hrs.

Assessment Methods: Monthly Test, Internal Exam., Semester Exam.

Key Words: Telugu, Short story, Fiction

Annexure-IV

DEPARTMENT OF MODERN INDIAN LANGUAGES AND LITERARY STUDIES

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI. DELHI – 110007 BACHELOR OF ARTS PROG. (NEP) **UGCF - 2022**

TELUGU

COURSE TITLE: BASIC TELUGU

CREDITS: 02

TOTAL MARKS: 35+15

ALLOTTED CLASS: 30 HOURS

Course Objectives: The aim of the course is to teach basic language skills in Telugu and

it intends to facilitate students in acquiring foundational skills of reading, writing and

speaking in Telugu along with synonyms to expand vocabulary. This course is divided

into three units and it will cover the basic language structures, the activities and functions

normally explored by a beginners' syllabus, i.e. the learning Telugu syllables, making

simple sentence construction and use the same sentences with fellow students, it goes

further, covering situations such as working, studying and including materials focused on

the Telugu media i.e., cinema, television, the press and advertising. In terms of grammar

structures, the exercises are at the basic level only.

Course Learning Outcome: The course will enable the students to obtain the basic skills

of reading, writing and speaking in Telugu along with building up a primary vocabulary.

After completing the course, they can read and construct simple Telugu sentences, figure

out words having conjunct character, and can learn functional, everyday conversation in

different language usage situations. Students interact with classmates by using simple

sentences about their daily routine matters on official and informal occasions.

Allotted classes: 30 hours

Credits: 02

Unit -I (Class- 10)

Introduction to Telugu Vowel & Consonant sounds & along with the sound-image

Script introduction

Introduction of Numerals (up to 70+30)

Unit -II (Class - 12)

1

Introduction to Telugu Noun & Pronoun, its Subjunctives

Telugu qualifiers/adjectives

Telugu prepositions

Conjunctions and its usage

Introduction to Verb & Time/Tense

Conjugation of different verbs

Unit -III (Class - 08)

Making simple sentences in Telugu (basic syntactical rules)

Making Negative sentences in Telugu

Making Interrogative sentences in Telugu

Teaching Learning Process: Lecture-30 Hrs. Discussions 4Hrs.

Assignments / Presentation-4 Hrs

Assessment Methods: Monthly Test., Internal Exam, Semester Examinations.

Keywords: Telugu, Alphabets, Simple Sentence, Elementary Vocabulary.

Reading list:

Arden, A H., 1905, *A progressive grammar of the Telugu language*. 2nd ed. Madras: Society for promoting Christian knowledge.

Krishnamurti, B. and Gwynn, J. P. L. 1986, *A Grammar of Modern Telugu*. USA: Oxford University Press,.

Parandhama Reddy, M. and Venkateswara Shastri, J. 1997. *Telugu Velugu- I.* . Mysore: Central Institute of Indian Languages.

Ramanarasimham, Parimi. 1985, An Intensive Course in Telugu. Mysore: Central Institute of Indian Languages,

Sanjay, D., 2019, Spoken Telugu for Absolute Beginners. ____: ____.

Venkatavadhani, Divakarla. 2017, *Telugu in Thirty Days*. Hyderabad. Andhra Pradesh Sahitya academy,.

DEPARTMENT OF MODERN INDIAN LANGUAGES AND LITERARY STUDIES

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI, DELHI – 110007 BACHELOR OF ARTS PROG. (NEP) UGCF – 2022 TELUGU

COURSE TITLE: TELUGU LITERATURE AND HISTORY: AN INTRODUCTION
CREDITS: 02
TOTAL MARKS: 35+15
ALLOTTED CLASS: 30 HOURS

Annexure-II

Telugu Literature and History: An Introduction

The course provides students with a substantive understanding of literature and the history of Telugu. This course gives an outline of Telugu literature cultural development of Telugu people as seen through the lens of literature. It will discuss the role of literature in the reconstruction of history from an ancient period to present times and the importance of literature in reflecting the social, political and cultural histories. It mainly focuses on the study of Andhra history through literary works, especially the historical writings by various authors.

The objective of the course:

The main objective of the course is to introduce the Telugu language, literature and culture to non-Telugu students. The first half of the course focuses on the history of Telugu literature from the ancient period and the second half focuses on the History of Telugu through English translations

Course Units

Unit-1. Kavitrayam (Nannaya, Tikkana, Errana): An Introduction

Unit-2. Ramayana Poets (Ranganatha, Bhaskara, Molla): An Introduction

Unit-3. Prabandha poets or Asta Diggaja poets and their: An Introduction

Unit-4 History of Telugu people: An Introduction

Reading list:

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Chenchayya, P., and M. Bhujanga Rao Bahadur. 1988. *A History of Telugu Literature*. Chennai: Asian Educational Services.

Hanumanta Rao, B.S.L., 1995. Socio-Cultural History of ancient and Medieval Andhra. Hydearabad: Telugu University.

Krishnamurthi, Salva. 1994. *History of Telugu Literature from Early Times to 1100 A.D.* (2 Vols.). Madras: Institute of Asian Studies.

Kulasekhara Rao, M., 1988. *A History of Telugu Literature*. Hyderabad: M. Kulasekhara Rao.

Raju, P.T. 1944. Telugu Literature. Bombay: Onal Book House Ltd.

Sitapati, Gidugu Venkata. 1968. *History of Telugu Literature*. New Delhi: Sahitya Akademi.